LEGISLATIVE & GRASSROOTS MOBILIZATION CONFERENCE



AMERICAN FEDERATION OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, AFL-CIO

INTRODUCTION

The American Federation of Government Employees, AFL-CIO, is the nation's largest federal employee union, representing more than 700,000 federal and D.C. government workers nationwide and overseas. Workers in virtually every function of government depend upon AFGE for legislative advocacy, legal representation, technical expertise, and informational services.

AFGE is proud to represent federal and D.C. government workers because they are the vital threads of the fabric of American life. Government workers inspect the food we eat and the places we work. They protect citizens from the illicit flow of drugs, maintain the safety of our nation's borders, and keep the national defense systems prepared for any danger. They care for our nation's veterans and serve as a vital link to Social Security recipients.

AFGE takes seriously its responsibility to protect the rights of the working and middle class Americans who make up the federal and D.C. workforces. The union believes the best way to improve government's effectiveness and efficiency is to treat federal and D.C. workers as valuable resources rather than easy targets.

Federal labor unions, including AFGE, are not currently afforded the same full-scope collective bargaining rights as unions representing private sector workers. For this reason, AFGE relies on a comprehensive legislative and political action program to deal with issues that affect the federal and D.C. workforces. When Congress tackles government employee pay and benefit issues or debates funding of vital government programs, AFGE is on the scene representing its members.

The 2016 Voting Record shows where House and Senate lawmakers stood on the issues that were most important to federal and D.C. workers, as well as other working Americans, during the second session of the 114th Congress. While the 2016 Voting Record is an important tool in monitoring the actions of Congress, it is important to recognize that it is not the sole reflection of a lawmaker's record. The 2016 Voting Record is neither an endorsement nor a condemnation of any Member of Congress.

For more information, please contact AFGE's Legislative and Political Action Department at (202) 639-6413.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Searching for and Cutting Regulations that are Unnecessarily Burdensome (SCRUB) Act (H.R. 1155) – Roll Call Vote #20

AFGE opposed the Searching for and Cutting Regulations that are Unnecessarily Burdensome (SCRUB) Act (H.R. 1155), a bill that would establish a new regulatory review commission charged with identifying duplicative, redundant, or so-called obsolete regulations to be repealed. The SCRUB Act provided the commission with an unbalanced mandate that prioritizes the economic costs of rules with little or no consideration of the benefits and protections that these rules provide for the health, safety and well-being of the public.

H.R. 1155 also would require that agencies offset the cost of new rules through a regulatory "cut-go" process for every new agency rule. Relying on the faulty premise that regulations undermine economic growth and job creation, regulatory "cut-go" would force agencies to offset the costs of *any* new rule, informal guidance document, or memoranda by repealing an existing rule identified by the commission. This additional layer of red-tape would require a new rulemaking process for each rule eliminated, forcing agencies to wastefully calculate the cost of any agency action, including issuing informal memoranda.

The result of this misguided legislation would be years of delays in the rulemaking process, an unprecedented burden on agencies and taxpayers, and a dangerous threat to the agencies' missions to protect the public health and safety from imminent harm.

The House passed the SCRUB Act on January 7, 2016, by a 245-174 vote (R: 239-2; D: 6-172). **A "No"** vote in opposition to H.R. 1155 is counted as a "Right" vote.

2. Fairness in Class Action Litigation and Furthering Asbestos Claim Transparency Act (H.R. 1927) – Roll Call Vote #33.

AFGE opposed the so-called Fairness in Class Action Litigation and Furthering Asbestos Claim Transparency Act (H.R. 1927), a measure that incorporates two distinct bills – both of which are highly problematic.

The "Fairness in Class Action Litigation Act" section would make it virtually impossible for plaintiffs to pursue most class actions in federal court by adding a new provision to Title 28 of the United States Code that prohibits a federal court from certifying any class action unless the party pursuing the class action affirmatively demonstrates that each proposed class member suffered an injury of the same type and scope as the injury of the named class representatives.

The "Furthering Asbestos Transparency Act" section would require personally identifiable exposure histories and disease information for each asbestos victim filing a claim with an asbestos trust to be posted on a public docket. This public posting is an extreme invasion of privacy. It would give unfettered access to employers, insurance companies, workers compensation carriers and others who could use this information for any purpose including blacklisting workers from employment and fighting compensation claims.

The House passed H.R. 1927 on January 8, 2016, by a 211-188 vote (R: 211-16; D: 0-172). A "No" vote in opposition to H.R. 1927 is counted as a "Right" vote.

3. Presidential Veto of the Repeal of the Affordable Care Act - Roll Call Vote #53

AFGE opposed the attempted override of the President's veto of FY 2016 Budget Reconciliation Act (H.R. 3762), a bill that would repeal the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

The ACA makes important changes in three critical areas:

- (a) <u>Institutes essential reforms in the health insurance markets</u>. The ACA includes long overdue reforms that are intended to rein in harmful insurance industry practices, such as denying coverage to people with pre-existing health conditions, rescinding health insurance coverage when beneficiaries become ill, or imposing annual or lifetime limits on health insurance coverage, thereby refusing to pay the full cost of beneficiaries' medical care.
- (b) Expands the availability of affordable health insurance coverage. The ACA has extended health insurance coverage to over 20 million Americans. This coverage gain reflects provisions that (1) significantly extend Medicaid to all low-income individuals under age 65, (2) provide premium subsidies to help low- and moderate-income individuals purchase health insurance in the new health insurance exchanges, and (3) allow young people to remain covered by their parents' health insurance plans until they turn 26 years of age.
- (c) <u>Slowing the growth of health care costs</u>. The ACA contains a wide range of measures that are designed to slow the growth of health care costs, particularly Medicare costs.

But, according to the President's veto message:

"The Budget Reconciliation Act would reverse the significant progress we have made in improving health care in America. The Congressional Budget Office estimates that the legislation would increase the number of uninsured Americans by 22 million after 2017. The Council of Economic Advisers estimates that this reduction in health care coverage could mean, each year, more than 900,000 fewer people getting all their needed care, more than than 1.2 million additional people having trouble paying other bills due to higher medical costs, and potentially more than 10,000 additional deaths. This legislation would cost millions of hardworking middle-class families the security of affordable health coverage they deserve. Reliable health care coverage would no longer be a right for everyone; it would return to being a privilege for a few."

The House failed on February 2, 2016, to override the President's veto of H.R. 3762 by a 241-186 vote (R: 240-3; D: 1-183). (A 2/3 majority – 281 "Yes" votes - was necessary to override the President's veto.) A "No" vote in opposition to the veto override is counted as a "Right" vote.

4. Stopping Solicitation of Labor Organization Membership or Dues - Roll Call Vote #224

AFGE opposed an amendment offered by Rep. Paul Gosar (R-AZ-4) to the FY 2017 Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act (H.R. 4974) that would provide that "none of the funds made

available by this Act may be used to implement, administer, or enforce the exception in clause (iii) of section 1.218(a)(8) of title 38, CFR.

Section 1.218(a)(8) provides the following:

"Soliciting, vending, and debt collection. Soliciting alms and contributions, commercial soliciting and vending of all kinds, displaying or distributing commercial advertising, or collecting private debts in or on property is prohibited. This rule does not apply to (i) national or local drives for funds for welfare, health or other purposes as authorized under Executive Order 123353, Charitable Fund Raising (March 23, 2982), as amended by Executive Order 12404 (February 10, 1983), and regulations issued by the Office of Personnel Management implementing these Executive Orders; (ii) concessions or personal notices posted by employees on authorized bulletin boards; and (iii) solicitation of labor organization membership or dues under 5 USC chapter 71." (emphasis added)

So, the Gosar amendment was intended to stop the solicitation of labor organization membership or dues in VA facilities. Rep. Gosar argued that this solicitation of labor organization membership or dues "is a blatant abuse of taxpayer-funded facilities for the purpose of pushing a pro-union agenda." His amendment also was a backhanded attack on official time. Rep. Gosar complained that "[f]urthermore, the fact that VA employees are engaging in union activities while on the clock is unacceptable, given the current state of the VA. Any time these employees spend time doing union activities is time they cannot spend treating our veterans. With a massive backlog of cases and the fact that veterans have literally died waiting for care, this abuse of taxpayer money and our veterans must be put to an end."

The House rejected the Gosar amendment on May 19, 2016, by a 200-225 vote (R: 200-42; D: 0-183). **A** "No" vote in opposition to the Gosar amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.

5. Prohibiting Project Labor Agreements - Roll Call Vote #225

AFGE opposed an amendment offered by Rep. Scott Perry (R-PA-4) to the FY 2017 Military Construction and Veterans Affairs (H.R. 4974) that would prohibit the use of funds to enforce the Executive Order which encourages federal agencies to require project labor agreements (PLAs) on federal construction projects exceeding \$25 million in costs.

PLAs are pre-hire collective bargaining agreements between labor and management that establish the terms and conditions of employment for large-scale construction projects. They help ensure contractor compliance with laws and regulations governing workplace safety and health, equal employment opportunity, and other labor and employment standards. PLAs also provide structure and stability to those construction projects, thereby promoting efficiency and productivity.

The House rejected the Perry amendment on May 19, 2016, by a 209-216 vote (R:209-33; D: 0-183). **A** "No" vote in opposition to the Perry amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.

6. Restoring Funding for Army Depots and Arsenals - Roll Call Vote #306.

AFGE supported an amendment offered by Rep. Bill Shuster (R-PA-9) to the FY 2017 Department of Defense Appropriations Act (H.R. 5293) that would restore \$170 million to Army Operations & Maintenance for the purpose of preventing a cut to Army depots and arsenals, offset with funds from Operations & Maintenance Defense-Wide and non-critical environmental restoration accounts.

During the House floor debate, Rep. Shuster stated:

"Mr. Chairman, I rise today in support of my amendment, to protect America's depots, arsenals, and ammunition plants, commonly known as the organic industrial base.

For over 200 years, the U.S. military has relied on a set of unique, highly technical facilities to equip its warfighters. They take equipment worn down in the field over months of hard use and remanufacture it, bringing it back to fighting condition and returning it to the hands of our Armed Forces.

During the course of the war in Iraq and Afghanistan, the organic industrial base reset more than 3.9 million items, and over \$30 billion worth of equipment for the Army, Air Force, Navy, and Marine Corps have been reset, In 2015 alone, over 66,000 pieces of equipment were reset in our depots.

Even better, the organic industrial base makes good business sense. For every dollar invested in depots and arsenals, \$1.78 is returned to the taxpayers. Taken together, these installations are America's national security readiness insurance policy."

The House rejected the Shuster amendment on June 16, 2016, by a 205-216 vote (R: 151-89; D: 54-127). A "Yes" vote in support of the Shuster amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.

7. Preventing a Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Round - Roll Call Vote #310.

AFGE opposed an amendment offered by Rep. Beto O'Rourke (D-TX-16) to the FY 2017 Department of Defense Appropriations Act (H.R. 5293) that would strike Section 8121. That section was designed to prevent the use of the bill's funds for proposing, planning or executing a new Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) round.

We believe that Congress should carefully consider the consequences before undertaking a new BRAC round. Past experience has demonstrated that BRAC (1) is not the answer to the military's budget dilemma; (2) causes real harm to civilians, military and communities; and (3) has a history of mixed results in terms of reducing infrastructure and costs.

The House rejected the O'Rourke amendment on June 16, 2016, by a 157-263 vote (R: 30-210; D: 127-53). A "No" vote in opposition to the O'Rourke amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.

8. Presidential Veto of H.J. Res. 88, Joint Resolution to Block the Department of Labor's Final Rule Addressing Conflicts of Interest in Retirement Investment Advice - Roll Call Vote #338

AFGE opposed the attempted override of the President's veto of H.J. Res. 88, a joint resolution that would disapprove and nullify the Department of Labor's final rule that requires more retirement investment advisers to put their client's best interest first by expanding the types of retirement advice covered by fiduciary protections.

The outdated DOL regulations in place before this latest rulemaking did not ensure that financial advisers act in their clients' best interests when giving retirement investment advice. Instead, some firms incentivized advisors to steer clients toward products that have higher fees and lower returns – costing America's families an estimated \$17 billion a year.

The DOL's final rule ensures that American workers and retirees receive retirement investment advice that is in their best interest – better enabling them to protect and grow their savings.

The House failed on June 22, 2016, to override the President's veto of H.J.Res. 88 by a vote of 239-180 (R: 239-0; D: 0-180). (A 2/3 majority – 281 "Yes" votes – was necessary to override the President's veto.) A "No" vote in opposition to a veto override vote is counted as a "Right" vote.

9. Undermining Collective Bargaining and Due Process Rights – Roll Call Vote #376

AFGE opposed the Government Reform and Improvement Act of 2016 (H.R. 4361) because of specific provisions that would undermine the collective bargaining and due process rights of federal employees. In particular, AFGE opposed:

<u>Title I, Federal Information Systems Safeguards.</u> – As written, this section of the bill would eliminate collective bargaining involving any agency restrictions to a website. Such a change would not increase the security of federal information technology (IT) or information systems, but rather would limit the rights of federal employees by undermining collective bargaining.

<u>Title III, Extension of Probationary Period for Career Employees.</u> - AFGE opposed the extension of probationary periods for competitive service federal employees from one year to two years because it would be unnecessary and would damage due process and the merit system. A two-year probationary period would be unnecessary because: (1) candidates for federal jobs are put through an extensive selection process prior to being hired; and (2) one year is sufficient time for a competent manager to determine if a new employee has the ability to accomplish the job duties for which he or she was hired.

<u>Title IV, Senior Executive Service Accountability.</u> - Although AFGE does not represent members of the Senior Executive Service (SES), we opposed this section of the bill as it would dilute the rights of SES members with respect to adverse actions, extension of probationary periods, and suspensions. The net effect of the bill would be to further politicize the career civil service. While AFGE is aware that some SES members, particularly those at the VA, have been involved in very poor management practices, and even possible malfeasance, the existing system of civil service due process rights should not be jettisoned merely because of some well publicized cases of possible wrongdoing. Rather, agency management should make better use of existing authorities in appraising, managing and disciplining members of the SES.

<u>Title V, OPM Report on Official Time</u>. - AFGE fully supports accurate accounting and timely reporting of official time data. However, under Title V of H.R. 4361, agencies would be required to provide the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) with an annual report that includes a "description of any room or space designated at an agency where official time activities will be conducted, including the square footage of such room or space." AFGE believes that this provision would create burdensome reporting requirements for agencies and would be used to weaken the rights of non-management employees and artificially increase the financial accounting of official time. Further, this section of the bill would be unnecessary as federal agencies that use official time already track and report the use of official time to

OPM which publishes a government-wide report that provides the cost and the number of official time hours used within the federal government.

The House approved H.R. 4361 on July 7, 2016, by a 241-181 vote (R: 237-2; D: 4-179). A "No" vote in opposition to H.R. 4361 is counted as a "Right" vote.

10. Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act Prevailing Wage Requirements - Roll Call Vote #448.

AFGE opposed an amendment offered by Rep. Steve King (R-IA-4) to the FY 2017 Interior Appropriations Act (H.R. 5538) that would eliminate Davis-Bacon Act prevailing wage requirements for any construction project funded by this bill.

The Davis-Bacon Act requires federal construction project contractors to pay workers the wage rates prevailing in the community where the federally funded project is being constructed. This prevents contractors from winning federal projects by undercutting local community contractors, importing lower-waged workers into local communities, or driving down the wages of local community workers.

The House rejected the King amendment on July 13, 2016, by a 188-238 vote (R: 188-54; D: 0-184). **A** "No" vote in opposition to the King amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.

11. Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights – Roll Call Vote #519

AFGE opposed the VA Accountability and Appeals Modernization Act (H.R. 5620), a bill that would drastically reduce the due process rights for every frontline VA employee.

Changes proposed by H.R. 5620, including reduced time to respond to notices of proposed removals, reduced time to appeal to the Merit System Protection Board (MSPB), the loss of MSPB rights if that agency is backlogged, and unfair processes for recouping bonuses and work expenses, will <u>decrease</u> accountability by subjecting vocal employees who speak up against mismanagement and patient harm to more retaliation and harassment. The bill also would directly undermine the Department's progress in filling vacancies and recruiting and retaining a strong VA workforce.

The House approved H.R. 5620 on September 14, 2016, by a 310-116 vote (R: 241-0; D: 69-116). **A "No" vote in opposition to H.R. 5620 is counted as a "Right" vote.**

12. Delaying of Overtime Rule – Roll Call Vote #574

AFGE opposed the so-called Regulatory Relief for Small Businesses, Schools, and Nonprofits Act (H.R. 6094), a bill that would delay by six months the implementation of the Department of Labor's new overtime regulations scheduled to take effect on December 1, 2016. The only rationale for delaying the overtime rule is to give the next Congress time to kill the rule altogether – robbing millions of workers of the opportunity to earn more pay or spend more time with their families.

Under the new DOL regulation, most salaried workers earning up to \$47,476 a year shall receive time-and-a-half overtime pay when they work more than 40 hours during a week. The previous cutoff for overtime pay, set in 2004, was \$23,660. The DOL calculates that 4.2 million workers will become newly eligible for overtime. The Economic Policy Institute puts the number of newly eligible workers substantially higher at 12.5 million.

The House approved H.R. 6094 on September 28, 2016, by a 246-177 vote (R: 241-0; D: 5-177). **A "No" vote in opposition to H.R. 6094 is counted as a "Right" vote.**

13. Allowing Disapproval of Midnight Rules – Roll Call Vote #585

AFGE opposed the Midnight Rules Relief Act of 2016 (H.R. 5982), a bill that would amend the Congressional Review Act to allow en bloc disapproval of all regulations finalized near the end of presidential terms. This bill would jeopardize public protections affecting public health, safety and the environment that often are years in the making.

The proposed legislation is based on a flawed premise—namely, that regulations which are being finalized during the so-called "midnight" rulemaking period are rushed and inadequately vetted.

In fact, the opposite is generally the case. There are currently dozens of public health and safety regulations that have been in the regulatory process for years or decades, including many that date from the Obama Administration's first term or that implement laws passed in the first term. Some even predate this Administration entirely.

In addition, many of these regulations are mandated by Congress and have missed rulemaking deadlines prescribed by Congress. Referring to regulations that have been under consideration by federal agencies for years, and in some instances decades, as "rushed" is misleading and inaccurate.

Opponents of midnight regulations have not presented any persuasive empirical evidence supporting claims that regulations finalized near the end of previous presidential terms were rushed or did not involve diligent compliance with mandated rulemaking procedures. Instead, those opponents make unsubstantiated claims based solely on when a regulation was finalized, ignoring the marathon rulemaking process that those rules likely underwent.

In reality, compliance with the current lengthy regulatory process prevents agencies from finalizing new regulations efficiently, earlier in presidential terms. This is because many of the regulations that Congress intended to provide the greatest benefits to the public's health, safety, financial security, and the environment currently take several years, decades in some instances, for agencies to implement due to the extensive and, in many cases, redundant procedural and analytical requirements that comprise the rulemaking process.

The House approved H.R. 5982 on November 17, 2016, by a 240-179 vote (R: 237-0; D: 3-179). *A "No"* vote in opposition to H.R. 5982 is counted as a "Right" vote.

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Legislator Name	Maxine Waters	Janice Hahn	Mimi Walters	oretta Sanchez	Alan Lowenthal	Dana Rohrabacher	Darrell Issa	Duncan Hunter	Juan Vargas	Scott Peters	Susan Davis		Diana DeGette	Jared Polis	Scott Tipton	Ken Buck	Doug Lamborn
	Δ Ω	ت م	≥	ر د	A D	2	м О	ح 0	ے ص	ق ص	S		<u>О</u>	ñ o	S	ж Ж	<u>م</u>
Party							_	_									
Dist.	43	4	45	46	47	48	49	20	51	52	53	rado	10	02	03	9	05
State												Colorado					

EndNotes																	
AFGE Score (%)	0	95		85	82	69	11	82		11		15	95	œ	œ	69	15
səluЯ İrapinbiM İo İsvorqqssiQ gniwollA	Λ	~		<u>~</u>	~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		~		≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	<i>ر</i> .	≷
Delaying Overtime Rule	Μ	~		<u>~</u>	~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		~		≯	~	≯	≥	<u>~</u>	≷
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	M	~		≥	≥	≯	≯	≯		≥		≯	≯	≯	≥	∝	≷
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	M	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	∝	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	∝		<u>~</u>		≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	∝	≯
Undermining Collective Bargaining	M	~		ď	~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~		≷	~	≥	≥	≃	≷
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	M	~		<u>~</u>	~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	∝		~		≯	~	≯	≥	∝	≷
Preventing BRAC	Λ	≯		<u>~</u>	∝	∝	≶	∝		≶		∝	~	≯	~	<i>~</i> .	<u>~</u>
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	Μ	~		~	≯	≯	≯	≯		≯			~				
sAJ9 gnitidido19				<u>~</u>	~	~	~	~		~			~				
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership							2			~			~				
Repealing Affordable Care Act							<u>~</u>			~			~				
Fairness in Class Action Litigation							2			<u>~</u>			~				
SCK∪B Act	×	~		~	~	ڼ	~	~		~		\$	₩	>	\$	~	>
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Legislator Name	Mike Coffman	Edwin Perlmutter		John Larson	Joseph Courtney	Rosa DeLauro	Jim Himes	Elizabeth Esty		John Carney		Iller	Gwen Graham	oho	Ander Crenshaw	Corrine Brown	Ron DeSantis
Legis	Mike	Edwir		John	Joseb	Rosa	Jim	Elizat		John		Jeff Miller	Gwen	Ted Yoho	Ande	Corri	Ron
Party	~	Ω		Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω		Ω		<u>~</u>	Ω	<u>~</u>	~	Ω	~
Dist.	90	07	cticut	01	05	03	9	02	ıre	AL		10	05	03	04	90	90
State I			Connecticut						Delaware		Florida						
5 ,	l								_		_						

EndNotes				_												
AFGE Score (%)	77	œ		100	11		23	85	15	15		0	15		54	82
Salu Midnight Rules	~	≯		_	œ		≶	~	≶	≷		>	≯		œ	œ
Delaying Overtime Rule	~	≯		_	<u>~</u>		≯	<u>~</u>	≥	>		>	≯		<i>ر</i> .	œ
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	×	≯		_	≥		≯	≥	≯	≷		≯	≯		<i>~</i> .	œ
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	~	≶		_	<u>~</u>		≯	~	≯	≯		>	≶		<u>~</u>	œ
Undermining Collective Bargaining	~	≶		_	∝		≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≯		>	≶		<u>~</u>	œ
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	~	≶		_	∝		≥	<u>~</u>	≶	>		>	≶		<u>~</u>	œ
DARB gnifing PRAC	خ.	<u>~</u>		_	≥		~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		>	<u>~</u>		≥	≯
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	8	≶		_	≥		œ	<i>~</i> .	≶	œ		>	≶		≥	≶
sAJ9 gnitidido19	~	≶		_	∝		≥	<u>~</u>	≶	>		>	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	~	≶		_	œ		œ	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≥		>	≶		œ	œ
Repealing Affordable Care Act	~	≶		œ	œ		≥	<u>~</u>	≶	>		>	≶		œ	œ
Fairness in Class Action Litigation	~	≶		<u>~</u>	∝		≶	<u>~</u>	≶	¢.		>	≶		<i>ر</i> .	œ
SCRUB Act	~	≶		œ	œ		≥	<u>~</u>	≶	<i>د</i> .		>	≶		<i>د</i> .	œ
Legislator Name	David Scott	Tom Graves		Mark Takai	Tulsi Gabbard		Rod Blum	David Loebsack	David Young	Steve King		Raul Labrador	Mike Simpson		Bobby Rush	Robin Kelly
	Dav	Ton		Mar	Tul		Roc	Da	Da	Ste		Rau	ΞĔ		Bok	Rok
Party	Ω	∝		Ω			~	Ω	∝	∝		~	∝			
Dist.	13	4		5	05		5	05	03	04		0	05		10	05
State			Hawaii			lowa					Idaho			Illinois		

EndNotes																	
AFGE Score (%)	27	82	82	23	82	82	82	46	82	38	38	23	31	31	95	23	
səluA İnginbiM İo İsvorqqassiQ gniwollA	ď	~	~	≯	~	<i>ر</i> .	~	≥	~	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	~	≯	
Delaying Overtime Rule	Λ	<u>~</u>	œ	≯	∝	œ	œ	≶	œ	≥	≥	≯	≯	≥	œ	≷	
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	Μ	~	~	≯	<u>~</u>	≥	~	≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	≷	
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	~	~	~	~	∝	~	~	<u>~</u>	œ	<u>~</u>	~	~	~	~	~	œ	
Undermining Collective Bargaining	ď	~	~	≷	~	~	~	≥	~	<i>~</i> .	≥	≥	≷	≥	~	≷	
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	ď	~	~	≷	~	~	~	≥	~	≥	≥	≥	≷	≥	~	≷	
Preventing BRAC	Μ	≯	≯	~	≥	~	<i>ر</i> .	~	≯	~	~	~	~	~	~	<u>~</u>	
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	ď	≶	≶	<u>~</u>	≥	∝	<i>~</i> ·	<u>~</u>	≥	∝	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~	≶	<u>~</u>	œ	
sAJ9 gnitidido19	ď	~	<u>~</u>	≶	∝	~	~	~	~	∝	<u>~</u>	≶	~	∝	<u>~</u>	≶	
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	ď	~	~	≷	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	≶	≥	~	~	≷	
Repealing Affordable Care Act	ď	~	~	≶	~	~	~	~	~	≶	≶	≶	≶	≶	~	≶	
Fairness in Class Action Litigation	ď	~	~	≷	~	~	~	≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	~	≷	
SCRUB Act	∝	~	~	≯	∝	~	~	≥	∝	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	∝	≷	
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Legislator Name	oinski	errez	Juigley	skam	avis	Fammy Duckworth	Jan Schakowsky		<u>_</u>		Javis	ultgren	mkus	nzinger	stos	Poot	
egislatc	Daniel Lipinski	uis Gutierrez	Michael Quigley	Peter Roskam	Danny Davis	ammy [an Scha	Bob Dold	Bill Foster	Mike Bost	Rodney Davis	Randy Hultgren	John Shimkus	Adam Kinzinger	Cheri Bustos	Darin LaHood	
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Party																	
Dist.	03	9	02	90	07	80	60	10	7	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	na
State																	Indiana

EndNotes																	
AFGE Score (%)	85	23	œ	15		15	92	15	œ	15	15		92	92	11	69	100
Rullowing Disapproval of Midnight Rules	8	≯	≥	≯		≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	≥		~	~	~	~	œ
Delaying Overtime Rule	~	≷	≷	≯		≥	<u>~</u>	≯	≥	≥	≯		<u>~</u>	~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	~	≶	≥	≶		≥	œ	≥	≥	≥	>		≥	œ	>	>	œ
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	~	≶	≥	≶		≥	œ	≶	≶	≥	≶		~	œ	œ	œ	œ
Undermining Collective Bargaining	22	≶	≥	≶		≥	œ	≥	≥	≥	>		~	œ	œ	œ	œ
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	~	≶	≥	≶		≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	>		<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	œ	œ	œ
Preventing BRAC	Μ	≥	<u>~</u>	œ		<u>~</u>	≥	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	≥	≥	>	<u>~</u>
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	Μ	œ	≥	œ		œ	œ	œ	≥	œ	œ		œ	œ	≥	œ	œ
sAJ9 gnitidido19	œ	≷	≥	≥		≥	œ	≥	≥	≥	≥		œ	œ	œ	~	œ
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	~	≥	≥	≶		≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	≥		<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	œ	<u>~</u>	œ
Repealing Affordable Care Act	œ	<i>ر</i> .	≥	≥		≥	œ	≥	≥	≥	≥		œ	œ	œ	œ	œ
Fairness in Class Action Litigation	~	<u>~</u>	≥	≥		≥	œ	≥	≥	≥	≥		<u>~</u>	~	<u>~</u>	<i>ر</i> .	œ
SCRUB Act	~	<u>~</u>	≥	≥		≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	≥		<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	œ	<i>ر</i> .	œ
Мате	uth	assie				se	puom	ustany	ng	ham	/es		ھ	Sovern	as.	nedy	Slark
Legislator Name	John Yarmuth	Thomas Massie	Hal Rogers	Andy Barr		Steve Scalise	Cedric Richmond	Charles Boustany	John Fleming	Ralph Abraham	Garret Graves		Richard Neal	James McGovern	Niki Tsongas	Joseph Kennedy	Katherine Clark
_	Joh	Tho	Hal	And		Ste	Cec	Cha	Joh	Ral	Gar		Rich	Jan	Z K	Jos	Katl
Party	Ω	∝	<u>~</u>	∝		∝		~	~	~	~	ts	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	
Dist.	03	04	02	90	ına	10	05	03	40	02	90	Massachusetts	6	05	03	9	02
State L					Louisiana							Nassa					
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House of Representatives

State					Maryland									Maine			Michigan
Dist.	90	20	08	60	and	0	02	03	04	90	90	20	08	~	01	02	gan
Party	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω		<u>~</u>	Ω	Ω		Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω		Ω	<u>~</u>	
Legislator Name	Seth Moulton	Michael Capuano	Stephen Lynch	William Keating		Andy Harris	C.A. Ruppersberger	John Sarbanes	Donna Edwards	Steny Hoyer	John Delaney	Elijah Cummings	Chris Van Hollen		Chellie Pingree	Bruce Poliquin	
SCRUB Act	∝	∝	∝	∝		X	∝	∝	∝	∝	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		∝	>	
Fairness in Class Action Litigation	~	¢.	œ	~		≯	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	œ	œ	<u>~</u>	œ	<u>~</u>		ď	≯	
Repealing Affordable Care Act	œ	ď	ď	~		≯	<u>~</u>	ď	ď	œ	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		ď	≯	
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	~	~	ď	~		>	~	~	ď	ď	ď	ď	<u>~</u>		ď	≥	
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Restoring Funding for Army Depots	M	~	<u>~</u>	~		>	<u>~</u>	~	~	>	<u>~</u>	≯	>		≯	<u>~</u>	
Preventing BAAG						~	≯	≯	≯	8	8	8	~		~	~	
Blocking Investment Advice Rule							<u>~</u>								<u>~</u>		
Undermining Collective Bargaining							R R								R R		
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights															~		
Delaying Overtime Rule							Α.								2		
Pullowing Disapproval of Midnight Rules													<u>~</u>		2		
AFGE Score (%)													92			15	
		0.1	0.1	0.1				0.1	0.1	10		10	01		0.1		

EndNotes																	
AFGE Score (%)	8	15	15	∞	85	23	15	∞	92	15	ω	92	82	100		77	œ
Allowing Disapproval of Midnight Rules	8	≷	≷	≷	œ	≷	≷	≷	œ	≷	≷	œ	œ	~		œ	<i>~</i> .
Delaying Overtime Rule	≯	≥	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≶	≶	≶	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	×	≥	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≶	≶	≯	~	≯	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		≥	≥
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	8	≥	≥	≥	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	~	≥	≥	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≯
Undermining Collective Bargaining	8	≥	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	≯	~	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	8	≥	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	≯	~	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		<i>~</i> .	≥
JAAB gnifineverI	~	~	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≶	~		≥	~
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	8	~	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	≯	~		~	≥
sAJ9 gnitidido19	×	≥	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≶	≯	~	≯	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	×	≥	≯	≶	<u>~</u>	≶	≶	≶	~	≯	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥
Repealing Affordable Care Act	×	≥	≯	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≶	≯	~	≯	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥
Fairness in Class Action Litigation	>	≥	<u>~</u>	≶	<u>~</u>	≶	≶	≶	œ	<i>ن</i>	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥
SCRUB Act	>	≥	≶	≶	<u>~</u>	≷	≶	≷	œ	<i>ر</i> .	≶	œ	œ	œ		œ	≥
Legislator Name	Dan Benishek	Bill Huizenga	Justin Amash	John Moolenaar	Dan Kildee	Frederick Upton	Tim Walberg	Michael Bishop	Sandy Levin	Candice Miller	Dave Trott	Debbie Dingell	John Conyers	Brenda Lawrence		Timothy Walz	John Kline
Party	~	~	~	<u>~</u>	Ω	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	Ω	~	<u>~</u>	Ω	Ω	Ω		Ω	~
Dist.	10	05	03	04	05	90	07	80	60	10	7	12	13	4	Minnesota	01	02
State															Σ		

EndNotes																	
AFGE Score (%)	∞	82	11	38	46	95		82	15	15	15	69	31	œ	15		80
Rullowing Disapproval of Midnight Rules	×	~	<i>ر</i> .	≯	≥	~		~	≥	≥	≶	<u>~</u>	≶	≥	≥		≯
Delaying Overtime Rule	8	~	<u>~</u>	≯	≥	~		~	≥	≥	≯	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	≥		≷
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥		>
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	8	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≶	≥		≷
Undermining Collective Bargaining	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	~		<u>~</u>	≥	≯	≥	<u>~</u>	≷	≥	≥		≷
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	×	~	~	≯	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥	≯	≥	<u>~</u>	≷	≥	≥		≷
DAAB gniting	~	≥	≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥		≥	~	~	<u>~</u>	≶	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		œ
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	×	≥	≥	œ	<u>~</u>	~		≥	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	œ	≶	<u>~</u>	≥	<u>~</u>		≯
sAJG gnitididorG	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~		~	≥	≥	≥	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≥	≥		>
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	~	~		~	≥	≥	≥	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥		≷
Repealing Affordable Care Act	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≯	≯	~		~	≥	≯	≥	<u>~</u>	≷	≥	≥		≷
Fairness in Class Action Litigation	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≥	~	~		~	<i>ر</i> .	≥	≥	<i>د</i> .	≥	≥	≥		>
SCRUB Act	×	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	≥	≥	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	≥	≥	≥	<i>ر</i> .	≥	≥	≥		>
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Name	u,	llum	c	<u></u>	rson	lan		<u>></u>	Ē	kemey	ler	leaver	aves		£		
Legislator Name	Erik Paulsen	Betty McCollum	Keith Ellison	Tom Emmer	Collin Peterson	Richard Nolan		William Clay	Ann Wagner	Blaine Luetkemeyer	Vicky Hartzler	Emanuel Cleaver	Samuel Graves	Billy Long	Jason Smith		Trent Kelly
Peg	Erik	Betl	Keit	Ton	S	Rich		Mil	Ann	Blai	Vic	Em	San	Bill	Jas		Tre
Party	~	Ω	Ω	∝	Ω	Ω		Ω	∝	~	∝	Ω	∝	∝	~		œ
Dist.	03	40	02	90	07	80	<u>=</u>	6	05	03	90	02	90	07	80	sippi	01
State L							Missouri									Mississippi	
Ø	I						_									_	

2010/lbra																	
AFGE Score (%)	92	; œ		∞		8	11	∞		∞	11		95	46	38	38	23
Allowing Disapproval of Midnight Rules	~	≷		≶		≷	<u>~</u>	≶		≶	~		~	≶	≶	≥	≶
Delaying Overtime Rule	~	≷		<i>د</i> .		≥	≶	≶		≶	~		~	≶	≶	≥	≷
Reducing VA Employee Due Process Rights	~	≶		≶		≶	≶	≯		≶	≶		<u>~</u>	≶	≶	≥	≯
Eliminating Davis-Bacon Act	~	≯		≯		≥	<u>~</u>	≷		≯	~		~	~	~	~	≶
Undermining Collective Bargaining	~	≷		≶		≶	<u>~</u>	≶		≶	~		~	≶	≶	≷	≯
Blocking Investment Advice Rule	~	≷		≶		≶	<u>~</u>	≶		≶	~		<u>~</u>	≶	≶	≷	≯
Preventing BRAC	ď	~		<u>~</u>		≥	<u>~</u>	~		<u>~</u>	≷		~	<u>~</u>	~	~	œ
Restoring Funding for Army Depots	≯	≥		≥		≥	<u>~</u>	≥		≥	≥		≥	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	∝	<u>~</u>
sAJ9 gnitididor9	~	≯		≯		≥	<u>~</u>	≶		≶	~		~	∝	~	<u>~</u>	>
Stopping Solicitation of Union Membership	~	≯		≯		~	~	≯		≶	~		~	~	~	~	<u>«</u>
Repealing Affordable Care Act	~	≯		≯		≥	~	≶		≶	~		~	≶	≶	≥	>
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End Notes:

Rep. Mark Takai (D-HI-1) was diagnosed with pancreatic cancer in late October 2015. He announced on May 19, 2016, that he would not seek reelection because his cancer had spread. He died two months later on July 20, 2016, at his home in Aiea, HI. Rep. Ed Whitfield (R-KY-1) announced on August 31, 2016, that he would resign, effective September 6, 2016. 0

House of Representatives

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SENATE

1. Repealing Old Rules Before Issuing New Rules - Roll Call Vote #13

AFGE opposed an amendment offered by Senator Dan Sullivan (R-AK) to the Energy Policy Modernization Act of 2016 (S. 2012) that would impose a radical "cut-go" model on the regulatory process requiring an agency to repeal an existing regulation before issuing a new one. This unwise approach to rulemaking would prohibit agencies from issuing critical safeguards to address new and emerging harms to the public until they first cut existing rules with compliance costs equal to or greater than the costs of the pending new rules.

The White House already responded to this idea when it issued a Statement of Administrative Policy on January 5, 2016, threatening a veto of H.R. 1155, the Searching for and Cutting Regulations that are Unnecessarily Burdensome Act (SCRUB Act) which has a similar "cut-go" provision. The Obama administration called the approach "problematic," warning that it "would interfere with the ability of agencies to issue regulations that are essential for the protection of health, safety and the environment."

In addition, a retrospective review and reduction of regulations has been an ongoing priority of the Obama administration. Starting in 2011, the President institutionalized this retrospective review and reduction of regulations in Executive Order 13563, Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review, and Executive Order 13610, Identifying and Reducing Regulatory Burdens. It is estimated this process will save \$22 billion over the next five years.

The Senate rejected the Sullivan amendment on February 2, 2016, by a 49-46 vote (R: 49-0; D: 0-44; I: 0-1). (A 3/5 majority – 60 "Yes" votes – was required to approve this amendment.) **A "No" vote in opposition to the Sullivan amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.**

2. Conference Agreement on H.R. 644, the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 – Roll Call Vote #22

AFGE opposed the conference agreement on H.R. 644, the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015.

When it emerged from the Senate in May 2015, the trade facilitation and enforcement bill had bipartisan support and included provisions supported by both labor and business. But it was loaded up in the House with numerous controversial and partisan provisions that weakened or unacceptably altered it, making it more difficult to negotiate trade agreements that would be good for workers and the environment. Unfortunately, numerous of these unacceptable provisions remained in the final conference agreement.

For example, stripped from the final conference agreement was a critical bipartisan currency provision that would have made clear the U.S. can treat currency manipulation as a countervailing subsidy. The remaining currency provisions were a poor substitute, simply calling for "engagement' and with so-called "consequences" that simply won't work – including the possible exclusion from OPIC funding, something the worst currency manipulators (including China and Japan) don't receive anyway.

The conference agreement also contained language that U.S. free trade agreements must not include obligations regarding greenhouse gas emissions. This would prevent the United States from making meaningful commitments on climate policy. It is incomprehensible how a 21st Century trade agenda would ignore the reality of important climate issues.

The Senate voted in favor of the conference agreement on H.R. 644 on February 11, 2016, by a 75-20 vote (R: 47-3; D: 27-17; I: 1-0). *A "No" vote in opposition to H.R. 644 conference agreement is counted as a "Right" vote.*

3. H.J. Res. 88, Joint Resolution to Block the Department of Labor's Final Rule Addressing Conflicts of Interest in Retirement Investment Advice - Roll Call Vote #84

AFGE opposed H.J. Res. 88, a joint resolution that would disapprove and nullify the Department of Labor's final rule that requires more retirement investment advisers to put their client's best interest first, by expanding the types of retirement advice covered by fiduciary protections.

The outdated DOL regulations in place before this latest rulemaking did not ensure that financial advisers act in their clients' best interests when giving retirement investment advice. Instead, some firms incentivized advisors to steer clients toward products that have higher fees and lower returns – costing America's families an estimated \$17 billion a year.

The DOL's final rule ensures that American workers and retirees receive retirement investment advice that is in their best interest – better enabling them to protect and grow their savings.

The Senate approved H.J. Res. 88, the joint resolution disapproving the DOL final rule on addressing conflicts of interest in retirement investment advice on May 24, 2016 by a 56-41 vote (R: 53-0; D: 3-40; I: 0-1). *A "No" vote in opposition to H.J. Res. 88 is counted as a "Right" vote.*

4. S.J. Res. 28, Joint Resolution Disapproving the USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service's Final Rule on the *Mandatory Inspection of Fish of the Order Siluriformes and Products Derived From Such Fish* – Roll Call Vote #86

AFGE opposed S.J.Res. 28, a joint resolution that would disapprove and nullify the USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service's (FSIS's) final rule establishing a mandatory inspection program for "all fish of the order Siluriformes," including catfish and catfish products.

This final FSIS rule, *Mandatory Inspection of Fish of the Order Siluriformes and Products Derived From Such Fish* (80 FR 75590, December 2, 2015) implements the provisions of the 2008 and 2014 Farm Bills which transfer regulation of "all fish of the order Siluriformes," including catfish and catfish products, from the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to FSIS. Congress mandated this transfer because FDA regulation was not sufficiently addressing public health concerns regarding the safety of imported catfish and catfish products. As the U.S. Government Accountability Office found in 2011, FDA's inspection of imported seafood products was "ineffectively implemented," and "tested just 0.1 percent of all imported seafood for drug residues." (*Seafood Safety: FDA Needs to Improve Oversight of Imported Seafood and Better Leverage Limited Resources,* GAO-11-286, April 2011.)

The FSIS inspection program will provide a needed safeguard against drug residue adulteration through its incorporation of more robust import inspection protocols. Indeed, these more rigorous standards are

already paying off. Within the past few months, FSIS inspectors have detained several shipments from Vietnam of catfish products adulterated with gentian violet, malachite green, enrofloxacin, and fluoroquinolone – all banned chemicals under U.S. law. Under the new inspection program, these importers' future shipments will be subject to test-and-hold sampling at their expense until corrective actions are implemented and confirmed. Compared to the former inspection regime, this program will provide needed assurance to American consumers, and more equitably assign the costs of enforcement.

The Senate approved S.J. Res. 28 on May 25, 2016 by a 55-43 vote (R: 27-26; D: 27-17; I:1-0). **A "No"** vote in opposition to S.J. Res. 28 is counted as a "Right" vote.

5. Privatizing Five Department of Defense Commissaries – Roll Call Vote #91

AFGE supported an amendment offered by Senators James Inhofe (R-OK) and Barbara Mikulski (D-MD) to the FY 2017 National Defense Authorization Act (S. 2943) that would strike Section 662, a provision creating a pilot program carried out at five commissaries to assess the feasibility of the privatization of the Defense Commissary System.

The Department of Defense's (DoD) commissaries are an earned benefit treasured by military families and an important contributor to their quality of life. The modest cost of providing military families with inexpensive but essential goods and services is almost invisible in DoD's overall budget. Given that privatization of the commissaries has been repeatedly rejected by the executive and legislative branches and that this option was explicitly not recommended by a recent commission which looked comprehensively at the commissaries, it makes no sense to begin the process of promoting the privatization of the Defense Commissary System.

The Senate approved the Inhofe/Mikulski amendment on June 7, 2016, by a 70-28 vote (R:30-24; D:40-3; I:0-1). *A "Yes" vote in support of the Inhofe/Mikulski amendment is counted as a "Right" vote.*

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	Legislator Name		Harry Reid	Dean Heller		Charles Schumer	Kirsten Gillibrand		Sherrod Brown	Rob Portman		Jim Inhofe	James Lankford		Ron Wyden	Jeff Merkley		Bob Casey	Pat Toomey		Jack Reed	Sheldon Whitehouse		Lindsey Graham	Tim Scott
	Party		Δ	<u>~</u>		Ω	Δ		Ω	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>	œ		۵	Δ		Δ	<u>~</u>		۵	Δ		œ	œ
	State	Nevada			New York			Ohio			Oklahoma			Oregon			Pennsylvania			Rhode Island			South Carolina		

EndNotes						
AFGE Score (%)		09	40		40	40
Privatizing DoD Commissaries		>	œ		œ	œ
Disapproving Catfish Inspection Rule		ď	œ		≯	œ
Blocking Investment Advice Rule		œ	>		>	>
Trade Facilitation		>	>		ď	>
Repealing/Issuing Rules		œ	>		>	>
Legislator Name		Joe Manchin	Shelley Moore Capito		Mike Enzi	John Barrasso
Party		Ω	œ		ď	ď
State	West Virginia			Wyoming		

U. S. Senator Bernie Sanders (I-VT) missed these five AFGE votes because he was campaigning for the Democratic Party nomination for U.S. President. End Notes:

